

The Prince Philip Award & Marsh Prize

awarded annually for studies in animal biology



The Prince Philip Award and Marsh Prize aims to encourage students to see biology as a relevant and exciting field of study and to make the step from learning to investigation.

The winner receives a certificate and a monetary award. The winner's school/college receives a medal and a framed certificate.

Project guidelines

The entry should be an account of original practical work involving some aspect of animal biology, e.g. behaviour, physiology or ecology. The project should be of a standard comparable with an A-Level project or Higher. You should identify one or two simple problems to solve or 'study areas' to concentrate on, rather than try to 'discover everything' about the animals being investigated.

Features of a good project include:

- precise testable hypotheses
- sound methodology to collect data relevant to the hypotheses
- appropriate statistical analysis and critical interpretation

Presentation

The study should conform to the customary way in which scientific work is published. Generic and specific names should be italicised; graphs should be labelled and the units given. Published material should be acknowledged and references given. Long tables of results and their statistical treatment should be included in the appendices, not in the main work. The nature and the extent of any help received should be specified in the cover letter.

The final project should include the following sections:

1. **Title page** (giving the name of the project, the author(s), the name, address and contact details of the school/college).
2. **Abstract.** The abstract is an abbreviated version of your final report.
3. **Table of contents.**
4. **Introduction.** The introduction should introduce the reader to the aims and context of the study. It should clearly state why the project was undertaken and give a brief account of any background reading.
5. **Hypothesis.** A testable hypothesis should be formulated and stated in a concise form. The nature of the problem to be investigated should be clearly defined

using relevant biological knowledge, principles and concepts. Limitations of the study, such as small sample sizes or limited control over experimental manipulations, should be given.

6. **Materials and Methods.** Describe the experimental procedure in sufficient detail in order for the study to be replicated. Use appropriate controls as required. The choice of apparatus and materials should be described and justified. The number and types of observations and measurements should be explained. A clear description of how important variables are to be controlled to produce reliable results should be given. Where appropriate, a thorough risk assessment of hazardous procedures or substances should be undertaken. Consideration should be given to the ethical implications of the choice of treatment of living organisms and the environment.
7. **Data Analysis and Results.** Ensure there are sufficient data to test whether your hypothesis is correct. Verify that your data are accurate and that all calculations are correct. Summarize your data with an average, if appropriate. Ensure that units of measurement are given for all data.
8. **Results and Discussion.** The interpretation and discussion of results should include consideration of the limitations of the work undertaken. The results should be restricted to a factual account of the findings obtained and the text must not duplicate information given in Tables and Figures. The Discussion should point out the significance of the results in relation to the reasons for undertaking the research.
9. **Conclusions.** Summarize your results and use to support your findings. State whether you proved or disproved your hypothesis. Summarize and evaluate your experimental procedure, making comments about its success and effectiveness. Suggest potential changes in the experimental procedure.
10. **Ideas for Future Research.** You should indicate what additional research might be carried out based on what you learned.
11. **Acknowledgements.**
12. **Bibliography.** The bibliography should list all books, journals and Internet sources used in designing, carrying out and interpreting the findings. Each time an information source is used, you should cite the source that it came from. To cite a source, put the author's name and the date of the publication in parentheses (Author, date) in your text. The source must be listed in full in a detailed bibliography or reference list.

The reference for each source should include:

- Author(s) name(s)
- Title of the publication (and title of the article if it appears in a journal or encyclopedia)
- Date of publication
- Place of publication and publisher (for a book)
- The volume number for a journal or encyclopedia
- Page numbers

Examples of References

References must be arranged first alphabetically under author(s) name(s) and then in chronological order if several papers by the same author(s) are cited.

Jones, P. (2006). Relationships between hand morphology and feeding in prosimians. *Journal of Zoology* **273**: 148-156.

Smith, E. R. (1999). *Evolution and ecology*. 2nd edn. New York: Harper & Row.

White, A. (2002). Hystricomorph vocalisations. In *The biology of hystricomorph rodents*: 101-125. Rowntree, A. B. (Ed.). London: Chapman & Hall.

Rules

- Entrants must be under 19 years old on 1st January in the current year and must be/have been pupils of a school/college in Great Britain or Northern Ireland.
- Head teachers and senior science staff are asked to select entries of an appropriate standard. An entry may be the work of one individual or a joint project from not more than two pupils.
- Each entry must be accompanied by a letter from the teacher giving the full name, address and date of birth of the pupil(s), and the name and address of the school/college. The letter should indicate the nature and extent of any assistance given to the pupil.

Judging

Entries will be judged by a panel of scientists and education officers and marked on accuracy of observation, planning, interpretation, significance of conclusions, style of writing and neatness of presentation.

Entries should be sent to: The Secretary, Awards Committee, Zoological Society of London, Regent's Park, NW1 4RY, by 1st November 2008. For more information please contact Linda DaVolls on 020 7449 6272, Linda.davolls@zsl.org